7. No wood can be removed by any purchaser until it has been paid for in full, and until a "License to remove" shall have been obtained from the Forest Officer.

IV.—Koti Rent.

8. Wood weighed out, stamped and paid for under the preceding sections may be removed at any time within 90 days from date of sale without payment of koti rent. Such wood, if left in the kotis for more than 90 days from date of sale, shall be charged with koti rent at the rate of 4 annas per khandi or 1 rupee per ton per mensem from date of sale for superior sorts, and 2 annas per khandi or 8 annas per ton for inferior sorts, such as milva, chilta and white chips. If the wood be not removed within six months from date of sale, the same shall, after ten days' notice to the purchaser, be sold by public auction for the recovery of rent and cost, after due publicity of the sale, subject to full payment at once and immediate removal, and the balance of sale proceeds, if any, shall be paid to the original purchaser. If, before such sale is concluded, the original purchaser tenders the rent due and cost, he shall be allowed to remove his wood. The Inspector General of Forests may remit any portion of rent not exceeding three months' rent in any case on sufficient grounds being shown.

V.—Licenses to remove.

9. No wood can be removed from the koti till a "License to remove sandalwood," signed by the Forest Officer in charge shall have been obtained, and all holders of such licenses shall be bound to abide by the conditions laid down in such licenses. Any trader or other person infringing the terms of his license, or not returning his license on the expiration of the time allowed, shall be liable to be dealt with under the conditions prescribed in Section 40 of the Mysore Forest Rules. All time-expired licenses shall be considered as null and void, and extension of time shall not be granted, except on the ground of special and cogent reasons, and under Deputy Commissioner's orders.

VI.—General.

10. In conformity with standing rules, no sandalwood can be sold by private individuals within the Mysore Territories, or be moved from place to place without a license to be granted by the Forest Officer in charge of the range.

11. The Forest Officer in charge shall be at liberty, with the concurrence of the Deputy Commissioner or the officer deputed by the Deputy Commissioner, if such be present, and failing their presence, on his own responsibility, to stop the sale at any time without giving any reason to the intending purchasers.

Notification, dated 15th September 1896.

The Government having sanctioned the substitution of English Avoirdupois pound-weights, equivalent to Rs. 38§, for the pound-weight now in use at the Government Sandal Kotis, the new standard will be adopted at all the kotis from 1897. But all sandalwood purchased before 31st December 1896 will be weighed and issued according to the current pound-weight.

The uniform weights of English standard to be introduced with their equivalents in rupees are noted below :—

1 oz.=$2\frac{3}{7}\frac{1}{2}$ rupees weight.
1 lb.=$38\frac{8}{9}$ do
1 cwt.=$4355\frac{5}{9}$ do
1 ton=$87111\frac{1}{9}$ do

Standard scales and weights will be available in all the kotis with which the weights in use may be tested.

C. APPAIYA, for *Conservator of Forests in Mysore.*

Season Report of the Bangalore District for the month of August 1896.

Rainfall.—41 inches, 1 cent.

State of Crops.—Standing crops were reported to be in good condition. Ragi, cow gram, paddy, pigeon pea, castor beans, sessamum, wild gingelly, maize, *sorgam vulgare*, *panicum milliaceum* and *panicum milliare* were sown. Ploughing continued.

Public Health.—Generally good.

Mortality.—There were 841 deaths in the month of June against 835 in the month preceding.

Cattle.—1,550 head of cattle died during the month : of this 154 were killed by wild beasts.

Lands.—Lands assessed at Rs. 1,411-2-8 were taken up for cultivation.

B. COOPPOOSAMI NAIDU, for *Dy. Comr.*